

Introduction to CBT

Presented By: Dr. Christina Riachi

ABOUT US

Comprehensive psychological treatment & professional training institute:

- Team of expert psychologists trained at the best institutes in the world (Oxford University, Beck Institute)
- Evidence-based psychotherapeutic help for clients of all ages
- Clinical and corporate trainings for people at all levels of experience

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CBT THEORY

Slides are shared with thanks to Dr. Sarah Rakovshik (University of Oxford, CBT programme director)



المعتقدات الخاطئة MYTHS ABOUT CBT

- 1- Symptoms Only
- 2- Relapse انتكاس is High
- 3- Don't look into the Past
- 4- Positive Thinking
- 5- No Unconscious
- 6- No Focus on Therapeutic Relationship



1- INTRODUCTION

- CBT IS NOT: a Random Collection of Techniques
- CBT IS: Based on the Cognitive Theory



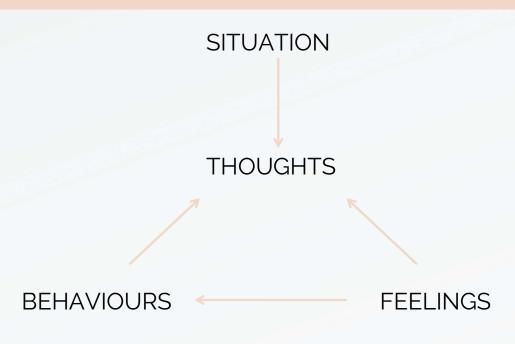
The "Naïve Model" ساذج

SITUATION EMOTION (e.g. losing job) (e.g. sadness)

The "Cognitive Model/Theory"



2- COGNITIVE MODEL (simplified)





EXAMPLE (social anxiety)

SITUATION (dinner)

THOUGHTS
(I am boring, I don't know what to say...)

BEHAVIOURS
(avoid conversations, speak fast)

FEELINGS
(anxious)



of cognitive model استنتاجات

- 1- It is NOT the event themselves that matter => interpretation تفسير (note: memory reconstructive)
- 2- Since we can't directly change feelings, by changing thinking patterns=> we can change emotions
- 3- Since we can't directly change feelings, by changing behaviours, we can indirectly change thinking patterns => we can change emotions

(when an emotional reaction is out of proportion or dysfunctional: depressed, anxious...)



LEVELS OF THOUGHTS/ COGNITIONS

CORE BELIEFS/SCHEMAS معتقد الراسخ (I AM UNLOVABLE, I AM USELESS, I AM NOT GOOD ENOUGH)

معتقدات الإفتراضية DYSFUNCTIONAL ASSUMPTIONS

(I must do everything perfectly, or else my uselessness will be revealed; I must hide and not reveal a lot about me so they know I am lovable)

NATs (AUTOMATIC THOUGHTS) الأفكار الثلقائية (They think I am stupid, they are judging me, the dog will attack me, she doesn't like me)





CORE BELIEFS

- From the past (usually before age of 11)
- General/Absolute مطلق
- Unconscious
- Self (cognitive triad):
- 1. Others
- 2. The world
- 3. The future

*tackled LATER in therapy (usually for personality disorders AXIS II)



To cope with core beliefs...



DYSFUNCTIONAL ASSUPMTIONS RULES OF LIVING فواعد

- "IF.. THEN" "I MUST.. " I SHOULD"
- Not verbal/ mostly unconscious
- Could be inferred from behaviours

(I should do everything perfectly, or else my uselessness will be revealed)

"Tackled later in TREATMENT - AXIS I AND AXIS II- PREVENT RELAPSE)



When rules of living break ...



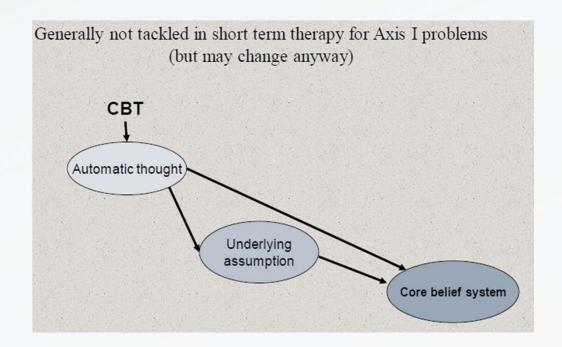
NATs

- Automatic (unintentional)
- Habitual
- Taken as truth THOUGHTS=FACTS
- Images or Verbal
- Suppressed/Avoided but can easily become CONSCIOUS

*Tackled early on in therapy (AXIS I AND AXIS II)



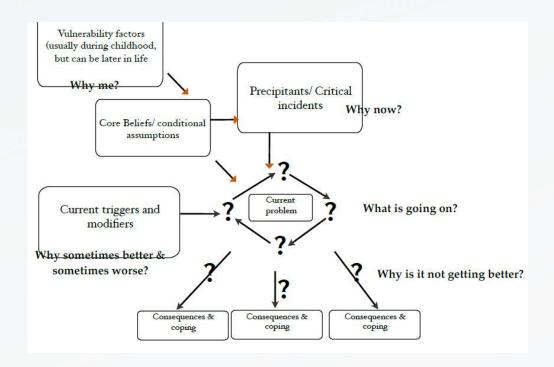
Where to intervene?





FORMULATION (putting it all together)

صياغة الحالة

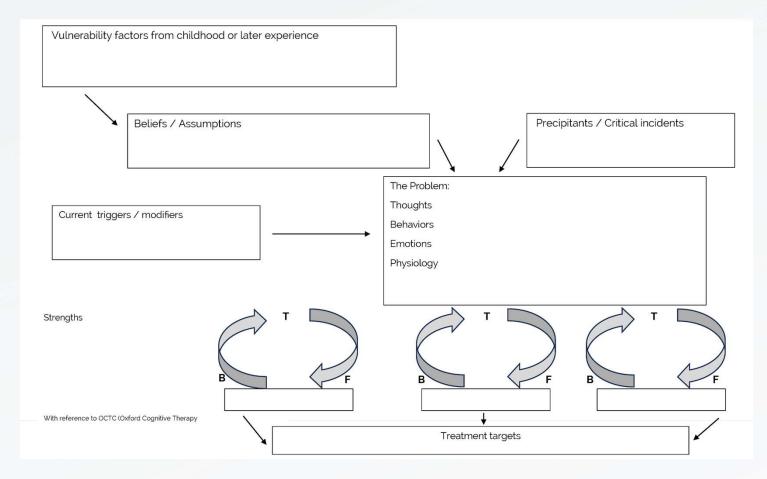




Maintaining Factors (most common)

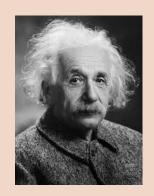
- Safety Behaviors
- Avoidance/Escape
- Reassurance Seeking
- Hypervigilance/Checking
- Worry/Rumination
- Short-term reinforcement







- ""Everything should be made as simple as possible, but not simpler."
- "If you can't explain it to a six year old, you don't understand it yourself."



ALBERT EINSTEIN

Advantages

- Shared with patient
- Clear steps of where to intervene تنخل
- Changed throughout therapy dynamic





استنتاجات-IMPLICATIONS

- We can't only rely on diagnosis and/or model for therapy.
- Each person, even same disorder, has different sets of T,F,B.





THERAPY'S STRUCTURE

- Usually 10-15 sessions (much longer for complex cases and personality disorders)
- Booster sessions معزز
- Once per week
- 50-60 minutes





SESSIONS' STRUCTURE

- Sessions 1-3: Assessment, psychoeducation, case formulation
- Session 3: Goals' setting, baseline measurements (baseline)
- Sessions 4+: Explain CBT, progress graph, relapse management, start therapy

*in general, but could differ from case to another







CBT Session Notes

Client's Name				
ID	DoB	Session	Date/Time	

Agree Agenda

Review Week

Mood (in terms of disorder)
Anxiety/Worry/Panic Attacks/ Intrusions

Feedback from last session + summary

Review Homework

Session Issue / Treatment

Negotiate homework 0-100% how likely are you to do it?

Any concerns?

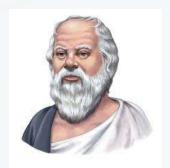
Session feedback + Summary



SESSIONS' STYLE

- 1) Collaboration
- 2) Both are experts equal 'no difference in power (vs. psychodynamic)
 'Therapist's interpretation are accurate or denial vs. therapist is in denial

- 3) Structured
- 4) Mutual Feedback
- 5) Socratic Questioning



SOCRATES: not just give answer, but ask them series of questions so that they could arrive at their own answers!



OUR JOB IS TO ENABLE PEOPLE TO MAKE CHANGES, NOT TO MAKE CHANGES FOR THEM!



- Thoughts: Hypotheses فرضية Not Facts (Evidence to Confirm)
- Behavioural Experiments التجارب السلوكية

How can we find out?





Scientific Studies

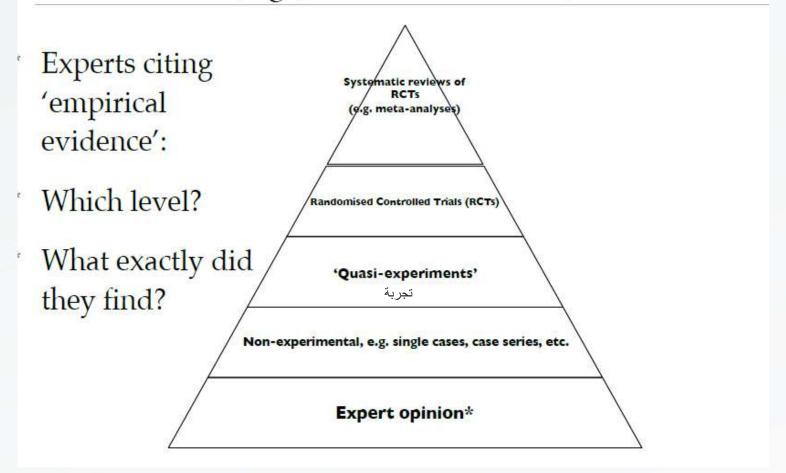
EXAMPLE 1

If I bet رهان you 10\$ that there are at least two people in a_class of 23 people who have the same birthday (i.e. day_& month), what are the chances I will take your money?





دنین Hierarchy of types of evidence (e.g., on Tx effectiveness)





Google Review

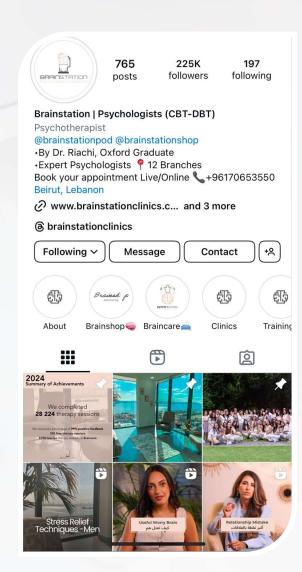
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